(8)

Interest on special Bearer Bonds 1991 8,000 During the year, he has made the following payments: Life Insurance Premium 25,000 Medical Insurance Premium 10,000 (iii) Group Life Insurance Premium 8,000 (iv) Purchase of National Savings Certificate 12,000 (v) Employment Tax 8,000 (vi) Donation to National Blood **Transfusion Council** 40,000 (vii) Interest on loan taken for higher education of daughter 20,000 Compute his taxable income for the Assessment year 2014-15.

(Printed Pages 8)

Α

Roll No.			

MS-3191

B.B.A. (I.B.) (Fourth Semester)

Examination, 2015

Taxation Law & Accounts

Time Allowed: Three Hours] [Maximum Marks: 70

Note: Question No.1 is compulsory and carries 30 marks. Select one question carrying 10 marks from each unit.

1. Answer the following questions in brief :

 $3 \times 10 = 30$

- (a) Explain the term 'Assessee' as used in Income-tax Act, 1961.
- (b) Give the names of ten incomes fully exempt from income-tax.
- (c) What do you understand by 'Return of Income'?
- (d) What deduction is available under Section 80GG of the Income-Tax act, 1961?
- (e) How is House Rent Allowance treated for income-tax purposes?

(2)

- (f) Distinguish between long-term and shortterm capital gains.
- (g) What do you understand by 'Tax Free commercial securities?
- (h) How is expenditure on 'Scientific Research' treated in computing income from business?
- (i) Explain the term 'Book Profit' in relation to the assessment of a partnership firm.
- (j) Mr. Ramesh is an officer of Tamilnadu Administrative services in the Payscale of 10,000-500-18,000 since 1st January, 2009. Calculate total basic salary for the Assessment year 2014-15 assuming that salary is due on first day of next month.

Unit - I

- What is agricultural income? What are its types? Discuss such ten incomes which though connected with land are not agricultural incomes.
- 3. Explain the provisions of Income-Tax Act, 1961 with respect to the following: $5 \times 2 = 10$
 - (i) Facility of Motor Car
 - (ii) Provident Fund

MS-3191

(7)

He has been provided with the facility of an accommodation, fair rental value of which is 2,40,000 per annum. Furniture costing 80,000 is also installed. Accommodation and furniture are owned by the company 2,000 per month is deducted from salary on account of this facility. He has been provided with the facility of motor car for official and private purposes both. All the expenses relating to motor car including driver's salary are paid by the company. He contributes 10% of his salary to the recognised provident fund towards which company contributes 7500 per month.

He has following other incomes too:

		•
(a)	Interest on Post Office	8,000
	Savings bank account	
(b)	Interest on Saving Bank	25,000
	Account of a bank	
(c)	Income from letting out a land	12,000
(d)	Dividend from Indian Company	10,000
(e)	Accrued interest on National	
	Savings Certificates	5,000

MS-3191 P.T.O.

5. From the following statement, compute the income from profession of Dr. D.K. Mittal if accounts are maintained on mercantile system:

10
Expenses

Rs. Income

Rs.

tem:			10
Expenses	Rs.	Income	Rs.
To Dispensary rent	36,000	By Visiting fees	1,45,000
To Electricity and		By Consultation	
water charges	6,000	fees	1,25,000
To Telephone		By Sales of	
expenses	6,000	medicines	72,000
To salary to clinic		By Dividends	5,000
staff	36,000	By Interest	3,000
To depreciation on			
surgical equipments	6,000		
To purchase of			
medicines	39,000		
To Depreciation on			
X-ray Machine	4,000		
To Income-Tax	5,500		
To Donation	4,000		
To Motor Car			
expenses	9,600		
To Dep. on Car	4,800		
To Net Income	1,93,100		
	3,50,000		3,50,000

Notes:

- (i) Electricity and water charges include domestic bill of ` 2500.
- (ii) Half of motor car expenses are for professional use.
- (iii) Telephone expenses include 40% for personal use
- (iv) Opening stock of medicines was ` 6,000 and closing stock was ` 4,000.

Unit - III

- Discuss the provisions of Income-tax Act,
 1961, relating to set-off and carry forward of losses.
- 7. (a) Explain the exemption available under Section 54D of the Income-tax Act, 1961. 5×2
 - (b) On 1-8-1977 Mr. Mohan purchased a plot for ` 40,000. The fair market value of the plot on 1.4.1981 was ` 80,000. On 1.3.2014 Mr. Mohan sold the plot for ` 15,00,000 and paid brokerage etc. @2% on sales consideration. Out of the sale consideration he invested ` 7,35,000 in the construction of a residential house which was completed before 30-6-2014.

(3)

Compute the taxable amount of capital gain of Mr. Mohan for the A.Y. 2014-15 assuming that he does not own any other residential house. Cost inflation index is 1981-82-100 and 2013-14-939.

Unit - IV

8. Write notes on any two of the following:

 $5\times2=10$

- (a) Permanent Account Number (PAN)
- (b) Best Judgement Assessment
- (c) Central Board of Direct Taxes
- Mr. Rajeev Bhushan, the Manager of Western India Ltd. Delhi, has furnished the following details of his income for the year ended 31st March, 2014:

Basic salary > 50,000 per month.

Dearness Allowance (40% under terms of employment) ` 10,000 per month.

Entertainment Allowance ` 5,000 per month.

Bonus ` 48,000.

Education Allowance for one Child ` 1,000 per month.

Medical Allowance ` 5,000 per month.

Arrears of Salary ` 70,000.

Unit - II

4. Mr. Ramesh owns a big house the construction of which was completed in may, 2010. 50% of the floor area is letout for residential purposes on a monthly rent of `22,500.25% of the floor area is used by the owner for the purpose of his profession, while remaining 25% of the floor area is utilised for the purpose of his residence. Other particulars of the house are as follows:

,

Municipal valuation	6,00,000			
Standard Rent	9,00,000			
Municipal Taxes paid	80,000			
Repairs	30,000			
Interest on loan taken for				
construction of house property	2,40,000			
Ground Rent	12,000			
Annual charge	20,000			
Fire Insurance Premium	15,000			
Compute the taxable income from house prop-				
erty of Mr. Ramesh for the Assessment year				
2014-15.				

MS-3191 P.T.O.