

i-NEXT PAGE 4

TOI PAGE 3

24 तक जमा होंगे
स्कॉलरशिप आवेदन
फॉर्म के प्रिंटआउट



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LUCKNOW (18 Feb): लखनऊ यूनिवर्सिटी प्रशासन ने स्कॉलरशिप के आवेदन फॉर्म का प्रिंट आउट जमा करने के लिए स्टूडेंट्स को 24 फरवरी तक मौका दिया है। यूनिवर्सिटी में सेशन 2021-22 में एडमिशन लेने वाले अनुसूचित जाति, अनुसूचित जनजाति, पिछड़ा वर्ग अल्पसंख्यक एवं सामान्य वर्ग के जिन स्टूडेंट्स ने फीस प्रतिपूर्ति व स्कॉलरशिप के लिए आवेदन किया है, वह अपने लॉगइन पर गलतियों में सुधार करके प्रिंटआउट सभी जरूरी डॉक्यूमेंट्स के साथ 24 फरवरी तक कैशियर कार्यालय के स्कॉलरशिप काउंटर पर जमा कर दें। रजिस्ट्रार डॉ. विनोद कुमार सिंह ने इस संबंध में दिशा निर्देश जारी कर दिए हैं।

Growth is about IT parks, not just green ones: Students

Godhooli Sharma | TNN

Lucknow: “Most of the political parties are promising development, but to find out whether their promises will result in creation of jobs or not, we need to read their manifestoes thoroughly,” said Ashish Singh, an MCom student, while discussing dominant poll issues this assembly elections with his friends outside Milk Bar on Lucknow University campus.

Agreeing with Singh, his classmate Shruti Pant added, “The practice of threadbare discussions on manifestoes has almost stopped. Neither the media is doing it, nor the people. The focus has been more on the freebies promised by parties, besides caste and communal issues.”



FOCUS ON JOBS: LU students discussing poll issues on the campus

She goes on to suggest, “In such circumstances, we need to take initiative and create a platform for stu-

dents to discuss poll promises of various parties and candidates.”

The topic of discussion

in another group of students in the Tagore Lawn was almost the same.

“Move away from freebies offered by the parties and scrutinise their manifestoes to find out whether the promises made by them will make any lasting impact in terms of promoting quality education, creating more job opportunities and increa-



sing incomes,” said Jaswinder Singh, a BA III sociology student.

Singh’s classmate Alok Srivastava was more specific. “Take the example of the New Education Policy. Universities and colleges have decided to implement it, but do they have required in-

frastructure and faculty? And if not, how does the manifestoes of various political parties propose to fill the gaps,” he said.

A group of postgraduate students of journalism and mass communication sitting on the steps of the Chatrapati Shivaji ground too were discussing what kind of development should the political parties strive for.

“The basic idea of development should not be restricted to parks and buildings and should also include construction of IT parks across the state,” said Abhishek Kumar, a student.

Prakhar Srivastava supports him by saying UP needs more industrial development.

Kalyani Singh, another student, said, “Industrial de-

velopment, particularly in the manufacturing sector will certainly create more jobs.”

Shivam Mishra added, “There is an urgent need to support local artisans and assist them in self-employment endeavours.” Vivek Maurya suggested, “Government should run more skill development programmes with a training cell in every government college.”

Anoop Tiwari and Shivang Srivastava added, “A website should be developed hosting information about jobs in government and private sectors so that unemployed youth get all information under one roof.”

For Abhishek Sharma, the government should make the process of recruitment transparent.