

UNIT - 3

Numerical Differentiation

Branch - EC - 2nd year

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Numerical Differentiation

Newton's forward difference formula to get the derivative

We know that Newton's forward difference interpolation formula

$$y = f(x) = f(a) + p \Delta f(a) + \frac{p(p-1)}{2!} \Delta^2 f(a) + \frac{p(p-1)(p-2)}{3!} \Delta^3 f(a) + \dots \quad (1)$$

where $p = \frac{x-a}{h}$

Differentiating (1) w.r.t to p we get

$$\frac{dy}{dp} = 0 + \Delta f(a) + \frac{2p-1}{2!} \Delta^2 f(a) + \frac{3p^2-6p+2}{3!} \Delta^3 f(a) + \dots$$

$$p = \frac{x-a}{h}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{dy}{dp} \cdot \frac{dp}{dx}$$

$$\frac{dp}{dx} = \frac{1}{h}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{h} \cdot \frac{dy}{dp} \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{h} \left[\Delta f(a) + \frac{2p-1}{2} \Delta^2 f(a) + \frac{3p^2-6p+2}{6} \Delta^3 f(a) + \dots \right] \quad \text{--- (3)}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} &= \frac{d}{dx} \left(\frac{dy}{dx} \right) = \frac{d}{dx} \left(\frac{1}{h} \cdot \frac{dy}{dp} \right) = \frac{d}{dp} \left(\frac{1}{h} \cdot \frac{dy}{dp} \right) \frac{dp}{dx} \\ &= \frac{1}{h^2} \frac{d}{dp} \left(\frac{dy}{dp} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = \frac{1}{h^2} \left[\Delta^2 f(a) + (p-1) \Delta^3 f(a) + \frac{6p^2-18p+11}{11} \Delta^4 f(a) + \dots \right] \quad \text{--- (4)}$$

(2)

Example Given that

x	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3
y	0.841	0.891	0.932	0.963

find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ at $x=1.0$

Sol. Newton's forward difference table

x	f(x)	$\Delta f(x)$	$\Delta^2 f(x)$	$\Delta^3 f(x)$
1.0	0.841	0.050	-0.009	-0.001
1.1	0.891	0.041	-0.010	
1.2	0.932	0.031		
1.3	0.963			

Here $x=1$, $a=1$, $h=0.1$

$$p = \frac{x-a}{h} = \frac{1-1}{0.1} = 0$$

first derivative of Newton's forward diff. interpolation formula.

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{h} \left[\Delta f(a) + \frac{2p-1}{2} \Delta^2 f(a) + \frac{3p^2-6p+2}{6} \Delta^3 f(a) \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{h} \left[\Delta f(a) - \frac{1}{2} \Delta^2 f(a) + \frac{1}{3} \Delta^3 f(a) \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{0.1} \left[0.05 - 0.5(-0.009) + \frac{1}{3}(-0.001) \right]$$

$$= 0.542 \quad \text{Ans.}$$

first derivative of Newton's Backward diff interpolation formula

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{h} \left[\nabla y_n + \frac{2p+1}{2} \nabla^2 y_n + \frac{3p^2+6p+2}{6} \nabla^3 y_n + \dots \right]$$

(3)

Example: Find the first and second derivatives of the function given below at the point $x = 1.2$:

x	1	2	3	4	5
y	0	1	5	6	8

Sol. Newton's forward difference table

x	$f(x)$	$\Delta f(x)$	$\Delta^2 f(x)$	$\Delta^3 f(x)$	$\Delta^4 f(x)$
1	0	1	3	-6	10
2	1	4	-3	4	
3	5	1	1		
4	6	2			
5	8				

$$x = 1.2, a = 1, h = 1, x = a + Ph, P = 0.2$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{1} \left[1 + \frac{2 \times 0.2 - 1}{2} (3) + \frac{3(0.2)^2 - 6(0.2) + 2}{6} (-6) + \frac{4(0.2)^3 - 18(0.2)^2 + 22}{24} (-6) \right]$$

$$= -1.7733$$

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = \frac{1}{12} \left[3 + (0.2 - 1)(-6) + \frac{6(0.2)^2 - 18(0.2) + 11}{12} (10) \right]$$

$$= 3 + 4.8 + \frac{0.24 - 3.6 + 11}{12} (10)$$

$$= 14.1667$$

Ans